The Pyongyang Times

No. 50 (689) Weekly Saturday, November 12, 1977 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Participates in Elections to Supreme People's Assembly

Together with Workers of Pyongyang Thermal Power Plant

On November 11, elections to the Supreme People's Assembly, the highest organ of power, took place at a stirring time when the entire people, united rock-firm around the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, were making vigorous endeavours to hasten the complete victory of socialism and the independent reunification of the country with high political consciousness and revolutionary zeal.

That day, the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with workers of the Pyongyang Thermal Power Plant, took part in voting at the No. 20 sub-constituency of the No. 7 Ansan constituency for the elections to the Supreme People's Assembly.

The workers of the Pyongyang Thermal Power Plant were filled with immense emotion and joy as they had the honour of participating in the significant elections in the presence of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our revolutionary power, who brightly lit up the course of the times and the revolution with the radiant rays of the immortal Juche idea, made our people who had been subjected to exploitation and oppression, humiliation and contempt in the past become a most dignified and proud people, a glorious people who enjoy genuine freedom and happiness to their satisfaction and has always led the Korean revolution along the path of victory and glory.

The workers of the Pyongyang Thermal Power Plant who are daily bringing about new innovations in socialist construction under the uplifted red banner of three revolutions streamed to the polling station from early morning with an ardent desire to strengthen in every way the most popular and revolutionary power of Juche type, our revolutionary power of workers and peasants, established and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and once again powerfully demonstrate to the whole world the indestructible unity and cohesion of our people rallied steel-strong around the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Put up with due respect in the polling station garbed in festive attire was a portrait of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung. The portrait was flanked on either side by the panels bearing the slogans: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea!"

Afloat high in the sky over the election booth were huge balloons ribboned with streamers bearing the letters "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea!" "May the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung live long in good health!" and "Highest honour to respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and with red-and-blue flags of the Republic, each with a lucid five-pointed star on it. Seen on the poll were strings of pennants.

Also visible on the front yard of the poll were various slogans including "Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a state of workers and peasants!"

The front yard of the poll looked like a sea of flowers with the people carrying national flags, bouquets of flowers and balloons in their hands. The electors were all filled with great emotion and joy, because they could meet at their polling station the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, whom they had always held so dear at heart and so respected, on this auspicious day of elections to further consolidate our revolutionary power of workers and peasants.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung votes at the polling station of the sub-constituency No. 20, Ansan constituency No. 7

Every face of the people who were dancing and singing, looking forward to the arrival of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was expressive of unbounded gratitude and immense loyalty to the respected and beloved leader who enabled them to fully enjoy an independent and creative life as masters of the country and as masters of power under the blissful socialist system.

At 8:30 a.m. the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung arrived at the election booth amid the playing of the welcome music.

The moment, stormy cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" arose, a wave of flowers rolled on and balloons soared high presenting a canopy of beautiful flowers.

The crowd enthusiastically welcomed the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, shouting "manse!" (hurrah) at the top of their voices and waving high national flags and bouquets of flowers.

When the cheers of "manse!" rose to a higher pitch, a Labour Hero and a labour innovator courteously presented the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with bunches of fragrant flowers replete with feelings of infinite loyalty of the entire electors and people of our country.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was greeted on the spot by Comrade Kim Il, Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk and Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Choe Hyon, Rim Chun Chu, Chon Mun Sop, O Baek Ryong, Han Ik Su and Chong Jun Gi and leading personnel of Party and government organs in Pyongyang and functionaries of the election committee and the Pyongyang Thermal Power Plant.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung stepped on to the polling station, responding to the warm cheers of the crowd.

The crowd, sending up hearty cheers to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, extended the utmost glory and warmest gratitude to him who put an end to the history of national sufferings and ushered in a new, worthwhile era of revolution in this land and provided our people with the greatest happiness.

Under his wise guidance the Government of the Republic has been steadily consolidated and developed into an independent revolutionary power with the great Juche idea as the only guiding principle, into a defender of our people's freedom and happiness, and our country has been converted into a strong socialist state with self-supporting industry, developed agriculture, resplendently efflorescing and developing national culture and powerful self-defence capacity.

That is why our people regard it as their greatest happiness and highest honour to hold the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in profound esteem and are filled with an adamant resolve to devote themselves entirely to the revolutionary cause led by him.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung entered the election booth, received a ballot from the chairman of the sub-constituency election committee and cast it for candidate Labour Hero Comrade Cho Yong Gi, who is shift head of the turbine shop of the Pyongyang Thermal Power Plant.

After him, Party and government cadres and working people there took part in voting.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung left the polling place amid the rousing cheers of the crowd.

The multitude raised the cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" with their hearts afire with deep reverence for and boundless loyalty to the respected and beloved leader. They reverently wished the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung good health and a long life for reunification of the country and the prosperity of the generations to come and for the triumph of the cause of socialism and communism.

EXPRESSION OF ABSOLUTE TRUST IN AND INTENSE LOYALTY TO GREAT LEADER COMRADE KIM IL SUNG

100% TAKE PART IN VOTING; 100% CAST APPROVAL BALLOTS

Elections to SPA Held at Anju Constituency No. 120 Amidst the Ebullient Political Enthusiasm

Report of the Central Election Committee

The Central Election Committee for Elections to the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea makes public the result of the elections of deputy to the SPA held on November 11, 1977, at the Anju constituency No. 120 as follows:

At the Anju constituency where the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung was nominated and registered as a candidate, 100 per cent of electors registered on the electoral list turned out for the elections with unmeasured loyalty to the respected and beloved leader.

One hundred per cent of those who participated in the elections cast votes for the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

This is a manifestation of absolute trust in Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people who, taking on his shoulders the destiny of both country and people, took the road of revolution in his early years, fathered the immortal Juche idea, organized and led the unprecedentedly arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle to victory with the realization of the historic cause of the fatherland restoration, established a genuine revolutionary power of workers and peasants in this land on the basis of deep and firm roots nourished in the period of that struggle, converted our once backward country into a powerful socialist state of independence, self-support and self-defence, has been devoting his whole life solely to the people's freedom and liberation and is leading our people along the right pathway of boundless glory and happiness and an expression of the ardent feelings of loyalty of our people who are ready to fight to the end for the completion of the revolutionary cause of Juche, attending him till the end of the sun and the moon.

This also powerfully demonstrates the indestructible might of the political and ideological unity of our people closely rallied behind the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with one ideology and one purpose based on the immortal Juche idea, their absolute support and firm trust in the government of our Republic founded and led by him and the inexhaustible vitality of our socialist system established by him.

The Central Election Committee announces that the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung was elected a SPA deputy according to the election returns confirmed and submitted by the Anju constituency No. 120.

Central Election Committee for the Elections to the SPA of the DPRK

Pyongyang, November 12, 1977

Long Live the Indestructible Unity and Cohesion of Our People Rallied Close around the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG With One Ideology and One Purpose!

100% TURN OUT FOR ELECTIONS; 100% VOTE FOR CANDIDATES

Elections to SPA Held Successfully

Report of the Central Election Committee

The Central Election Committee for the Elections to the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea reports about the results of the elections to the SPA held on November 11, 1977 as follows:

The elections to the SPA of the DPRK were held with success at all the constituencies of the country organized under the "rules of the elections to the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" amid the high political zeal of the entire people to further consolidate as firm as a rock our revolutionary power of workers and peasants established and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and 100 per cent of those registered on the electoral list, except those on foreign trip, took part in the elections.

The electors who failed to turn up at the polling stations because of old age, physical deformity and illness cast their votes into the travelling ballot-boxes.

One hundred per cent of the electorate who participated in the elections with great political enthusiasm voted in favour of candidates registered at all the constituencies.

This is a manifestation of the entire people's unbounded loyalty to and absolute trust in the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung who took the road of revolution in his early years, founded the immortal Juche idea, realized the historic cause of national liberation, set up a revolutionary power of workers and peasants in this land and converted our country into a strong socialist state of independence, self-support and self-defence and leads our people along the path of immense glory and happiness.

The elections once again demonstrated internally and externally the invincible might of our people united close around the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with one ideology and one purpose, our people's absolute support to and trust in our revolutionary power established and led by him and the superiority of the socialist system of our country provided by him.

The Central Election Committee examined the election returns ascertained and submitted by the constituency election committees for the elections of deputies and confirms the election of 579 candidates as deputies under the "rules of the elections to the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea."

Central Election Committee for the Elections to the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, November 12, 1977

Casting a Vote of Loyalty

At Anju Constituency

November 11. The happy election day has dawned.

The whole land of Anju where the significant election of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as a deputy to the Supreme People's Assembly will take place is enveloped in an atmosphere of immense joy and emotion from early morning.

Members of canvassing propaganda teams, beside themselves with excitement, dance on running motor-vehicles and choirs of school boys and girls flow into the streets like a rolling wave of flowers, singing the song of election.

All the thoroughfares and sub-constituencies of Anju, gorgeously garbed in a festive attire, are bubbling over with electors of both sexes in their holiday best from peep of day.

Their faces beam with infinite reverence for and trust in the fatherly leader.

Presently we arrived at No. 2 sub-constituency where our gaze was met by an old woman watching a juvenile show with her grandchildren in the polling place. She said to them:

"Hear me, little darlings. Your daddy was born a farm hand. But our fatherly leader has brought you up to be 'kings' so that you do not envy anyone else in the world."

As for this grandma, she had been at her daughter's only a month ago; which is hundreds of *ri* away. Upon learning the news of the glorious event which would take place in Anju, she lost no time to come to her eldest son's home there. Now, she was the first to turn up at the election booth, ready to cast a loyal ballot in favour of the great leader. How can this feeling be confined to this old woman alone? It is the earnest desire of all of us people who enjoy a happy life under the guidance of the great leader.

That is why this morning people in Anju hastened their step towards the polls, some going now ahead and some now behind, their hearts aglow with intense loyalty.

When we got to No. 31 sub-constituency, the election already began. An old man Kang In Hak, Labour Hero, had the honour of being the first voter according to the unanimous will of the electors.

Having received a ballot in humble veneration, the grandpa entered the election booth and whispered, "Fatherly leader, I am firstly casting a loyal vote for you now.

This year, too, we have reaped a bumper crop. Dear leader, don't worry about farming. Our wish is, you may enjoy longevity in good health."

He replied to us that he expressed his inmost feelings for the great leader. So saying, the old man retrospected the emotion-charged days when the Anju county moved forward under the clear-sighted guidance of the great leader.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Our Republic is a genuine people's state which ensures the workers, farmers and all other strata of the people not only political freedom and rights but also their material and cultural welfare."

Indeed, our people are now living in happiness as a dignified and proud people because the great leader restored the lost country and set up a worker-peasant government in this land.

In Anju which the great leader visited on more than 140 occasions a gigantic chemical industry base, modern factories and a magnificent city have sprung up. In its rural villages bus and water services have been introduced, clinics have developed into hospitals and a rich harvest has been brought in every year. Thus the people are leading a modern and bountiful life. That is why on the morning of the auspicious day the hearts of all electors overflow with ardent loyalty and infinite gratitude.

That day the members of the delegation of Korean women in Japan who were on a visit to the socialist homeland, which they never forgot even in dream, thanks to the solicitude of the respected and beloved leader, came to Anju, the land of glory where the significant election of the great leader as a deputy to the SPA was to be held, and they cast ballots of loyalty, ballots of their best wishes, for him at the No. 3 sub-constituency.

As time goes by, the polling stations are seething with immense emotion.

"Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!"—the hearty cheers of "manse" (hurrah) raised by all circles of male and female constituents echo the land of Anju across the morning air.

Kwak Dae Sam, Chairman of the Management Board of the Sangso Co-op Farm, who cast a vote of loyalty in No. 44 sub-constituency said to the electors:

"Let's all solidify our revolutionary power as firm as a rock, keeping in mind the greatest honour that we live under the leadership of the great leader."

Fully aware that it is their eternal happiness to hold the great leader in high esteem, the working people in Anju evinced their adamant resolve to attend him in deep respect till the end of the sun and the moon and practice boundless loyalty to him down through generations.

Kim Yun Sik

Just after casting votes (at sub-constituency No. 16, Moranbong constituency No. 17)

Pyongyang Greeting Significant Elections

It is the morning of the jubilant election day to further consolidate the revolutionary power of workers and peasants.

On this occasion Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, is abustle from early morning, pervaded with the atmosphere of election.

Hung hither and thither in the streets are streamers bearing the words "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea!" "May the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung live long in good health!" and other slogans dedicated to the elections.

The red-and-blue national flag of the Republic with a lucid five-pointed star is seen fluttering over the thoroughfares and on the walls of tall buildings, and beautiful celebration panels and lanterns have decorated the entrances to public buildings, multi-storied modern apartment houses and stores, adding to the brightness of the election mood.

The workers in Pyongyang who have raced ahead taking the lead in fulfilling the tasks for this year, a year of readjustment, towards a new Seven-Year Plan promising a still brilliant future, co-op farm members in the capital who have garnered a rarely abundant harvest of crops and each of whose households has come in for a big share, intellectuals, youth and students—they are all heading for the polling stations with a renewed determination, proudly looking back on the past when they made a vigorous advance under the uplifted banner of three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural.

How grateful our revolutionary power is!

What a priceless worker-peasant power it is!

Ours is a revolutionary power of workers and peasants that ensures all people political rights and genuine freedom, provides them with employment, gives them houses and grants them the rights to receive food, clothes, medical treatment and education. All electors cast their loyal votes for the further consolidation of this revolutionary power. Their hearts swell with profound gratitude to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who established our revolutionary power and has strengthened and developed it as it is today.

"Kimilsungism Is the Most Revolutionary Idea Reflecting The Requirement of the New Era"

The historical root of the emergence of the Juche idea does not come only from the Korean situation. The creation of the Juche idea reflects the requirement of the new epoch. An outstanding revolutionary leader always finds the buds of a new age he is living in and, basing himself on it, creates a new revolutionary idea reflecting the new demand and blazes a new era.

Marx found the buds of socialism under capitalism and originated Marxism. And through his purposeful struggle, he made sure that the working class of today made its appearance and socialist society was realized.

Marx's was an era of the emergence and development of capitalism and the preparation for the appearance of the working class and Lenin's was an era of imperialism and the proletarian revolution.

President Kim Il Sung has said:

"Ours is an age of independence".

"Even the peoples of capitalist countries claim independence, not to speak of the peoples of the socialist and the third world countries. It is the main trend of our times which no force can check that the peoples of the world claim independence and that many countries are taking the road of independence."

Ours is the era of Juche when the internal revolutionary force of every country is being strengthened, imperialism is sustaining serious setbacks and the popular masses comprising the absolute majority of the population have made their appearance as masters of history under the leadership of the working class and are aspiring to independence.

The age of Juche, a new era, urgently demands the ideology, theory and method needed not only for turning the cause of the working class into a science and substantiating inevitability of transition to socialism but also for decisively heightening the position and role of the popular masses out in the revolution and construction, rallying them as one and finally liberating them.

The President has said:

"In a nutshell, the idea of Juche means that the masters of the revolution and the work of construction are the masses of the people and that they are also the motive force of the revolution and the work of construction".

"We are not the author of this idea. Every Marxist-Leninist has this idea. I have just laid a special emphasis on this idea".

In the course of the revolutionary struggle of the working class and the development of the history of its thought, the President fathered the Juche idea and defined it as the fundamental problem of the revolutionary struggle of the working class and converted it into the whole system of the revolutionary idea of the working class.

Already in the early years of the 20th century, the President in his teens put forward a new guiding idea fully analyzing the requirement of the new age and, basing himself on it, he conducted revolutionary activity.

Thus, he brought about the era of Juche whose correctness and superiority no one can deny.

The Juche idea is the most progressive revolutionary idea representing the new era and our future is the Juche era when the flower of Juche will be in full bloom.

From the First Issue of "Study of Kimilsungism", Organ of Japanese Youth Society for Study of Juche Idea

The election booth of the Anju constituency No. 120 is filled with boundless emotion and joy. Electors feel highly honoured for electing the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as a SPA deputy

Thanks to the fatherly leader's personal step, Jong Chol is sent to hospital to have his sight recovered

Brilliant Portrayal of Our People's Unbounded Loyalty to the Great Leader in Korean Film "Till the End of the World"

RECENTLY the Korean Feature Film Studio produced the feature film titled "Till the End of the World".

This film is based on an actual fact in the grimmest period of socialist construction in our country after the war.

The film is highly appreciated as a conspicuous success on its appearance because it presents a truthful, vivid and highly artistic version of the great love and benefaction shown by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung for our people and our people's absolute trust in and infinite loyalty to the fatherly leader.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Fidelity to the Party and the revolution, in other words, the Party spirit should, first of all, be manifested in the unreserved acceptance and unconditional execution of the Party's line and policies."

The heroine of the film is a simple-minded village woman.

The film begins with the scene showing the heroine, a member of the stock-breeding workteam of a co-operative, who returns home carrying pig-feed she has got. She is filled with an indomitable will to carry through the great leader's teaching that farming and stock-raising should be developed side by side so that the people can live on rice and meat soup.

But her devotion is encountered with serious hindrance from the very first.

In those days, anti-Party factional elements who wormed their way into the agricultural leading organ of the province and the management board of a cooperative stick to crafty ruses to hamper the implementation of the Party's policy on animal husbandry. They bring pressure to bear upon Jong Sun, chairman of the cooperative management board and eldest daughter-in-law of the mother, heroine of the film, and try to transfer to another work place Ok Song, the only one veterinary expert of the stock-breeding team and fiancee of Jong Chol, the second son of the mother.

At that time a letter arrives from Jong Chol from whom no tidings had ever come. The letter said that he is now in hospital, having lost the sight of his two eyes in the battle to guard the sky above Pyongyang in war time. Mother is not discouraged at this news. She rather inspires her sobbing daughter-in-law, saying: "I feel quite reassured at the thought that the General is always with us. Let's live relying on him!"

When the blinded son, now back home, spoke something out of touch with the reality, unaware of the Party's intention, the mother worked on cotton-cloth weaving all the night through and sold her products to buy a radio for him. In this way, she helps her son to hear the Party's voices close by and leads him to live and work according to what it says. The mother educates her family members to model after her eldest son who remained loyal to the great leader till the last moment when he died in the battle against the devilish Yankee imperialists, while serving as a regimental commander of the Korean People's Army in the past Fatherland Liberation War.

She goes on with her pig breeding job unbendingly. She does her level best to breed pigs well. When feed stuff runs out she boils maize of her home use into gruel and catches fish for them.

Meanwhile, the anti-Party factionalists become more vicious in their machinations. They poison to death a pig of the cooperative and lay the blame on the mother and try to hurt Jong Sun in every way. But the family members of the mother resolutely fight them to defend the Party's stock-breeding policy without the slightest vacillation. At a meeting, the mother said that in the days gone by she had lived in humiliation, bereft of her husband and with three of her children starved from hunger, because of statelessness and poverty, but the respected and beloved leader restored the country, gave her land, allotted a dwelling house to her and bestowed the most precious political integrity on her. And then she retorted upon her opponents asking what was wrong with her in working as instructed by the respected and beloved leader. This was how she collided head-on with them, inflicting a hard-hitting blow on them.

Some of the village folks once bamboozled by evil fellows embark upon a new, worthwhile life under the influence of the persevering persuasion and education by the mother's family. Ok Song's parents, who were loath to marry their daughter to a blind man, Jong Chol, feel remorse for what they did.

At last the crimes of the anti-Party factionalists have been brought to light and it has become plain that the mother's family members were right in their action, they who strove tooth and nail to carry through the Party's policy on livestock breeding.

In due course of time, the auspicious day of election for consolidation of our revolutionary power comes, and the mother learns the news that the great leader will pass by the village on his way to a local area to participate in the election.

The mother who has cleaved her way through trying ordeals and difficulties, believing only in the great leader and entrusting all her destiny entirely to him, passes the whole night awake, her heart aflame with the sheer desire to see the great leader, and gets up early in the morning. She sweeps and sweeps with her utmost care the street which the respected and beloved leader will drive past.

Now the election day has dawned bright, and the mother has the honour of meeting the fatherly leader at his side, whom she longed to see, awake or asleep. Thanks to the great leader's solicitude, the mother's eldest grandson enters the Mangyongdae Revolutionary School and Jong Chol opens his eyes after medical treatment.

Later on, the mother is told that at a grand meeting the great leader, unforgetful of what happened when he came across the mother, gave precious words with regard to her, the words which will be conveyed from generation to generation. Informed of this, the mother and the villagers firmly pledge themselves to remain single-heartedly loyal to the respected and beloved leader to the end of the sun and the moon, never oblivious of his favours.

The theme song whose melodies flow out sonorously when the film comes to a close accentuates once again the central message that comes over powerfully throughout.

As they have the beloved leader,
the people live in happiness,
The people devote themselves to
the beloved leader;
Oh, we'll follow him eternally
down through generations,
To the end of the earth we'll go.

The feature film "Till the End of the World" is a proud song of praise to the finest and noblest allegiance implanted in the hearts of our people with unblemished confidence and will, the people who have traversed the path replete with victory and glory, overcoming all descriptions of trials and storms under the wise guidance of the great leader.

The image of the mother, the heroine of the film, is a pattern of our faithful people, genuine people of Juche type who deem it their loftiest duty and their greatest happiness to make the great leader's ideas and teachings their faith and creed and devote their all to the strivings to relieve him of his cares, cherishing in their hearts spotlessly clean and pure loyalty to him.

The film also brilliantly illustrates the indestructible unity and cohesion between the great leader and the people; it shows with high artistry the fact that this unity and cohesion is based on his great benefaction and boundless affection for the people and that our Party has been consolidated as firm as a rock because it is upheld by our people who are bound in infinite loyalty to the respected and beloved leader.

By showing the process of revolutionization of the family of the mother as the heroine, the film raises the revolutionization of families as a matter aimed at inducing all of them to be faithful to the great leader generation after generation, and this brings out the profundity of the ideological content of the work and the philosophical depth of its depiction.

Indeed, the feature film "Till the End of the World" is a deep-going artistic version giving answers to the most important and urgent problems in carrying out our revolutionary cause of today and an excellent work delineating the most beautiful and sublime world of human life. It is much helpful to our people in their glorious work for imbuing the whole of society with the Juche idea. **Yun Jong Ok**

Whenever difficult moment comes, the mother swears her allegiance to the great leader, feeling the military uniform of her son who died in battle

The mother kindly encourages Ok Song, running her affectionate eyes over the girl who loves Jong Chol inwardly at all times

Coal Flows on in a Steady Stream

Workers of the Ryongdung Coal Mine markedly increase coal production to meet the elections to the Supreme People's Assembly with great successes in labour

Recently we had a chance to visit the Ramjon Coal Mine in the western coal-field area. Our first gaze was held by the tracks stretching along the central part of the mine where electric cars loaded to their full capacity of coal were coming out of the pits in an endless stream. The coal mine was seething with activity, indeed.

A leading worker of the mine told us that his mine was successfully carrying out the plan for this year which was set 27 per cent higher than that of last year.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The coal mines should decisively increase coal output by giving precedence to removal of overburden and basic drift work and effecting technical innovations, and thus fully meet the demand for coal at the steam-power plants and other industrial establishments and in different domains."

While personally giving on-the-spot guidance to the Kaechon area in last April, the great leader acquainted himself with the actual conditions of the coal mines in that region and gave a very important instruction that all possible steps should be taken to normalize production. And he showed such a profound solicitude as to send up-to-date facilities to the Ramjon Coal Mine.

We, together with the leading worker, headed for a permanent pit. Electric trucks were seen coming and going without letup. When we reached a coal face, miners were busy with drilling operations, removing the masses of overlying earth and rocks with loading machines.

We were told that many new pits suited to the geological features and coal deposits of the region were under construction and tunnelling workers were creating a wider production area by introducing newly invented efficient machines and accelerating the tunnelling speed 1.3 times.

We also dropped in at the place where the first company of the youth coal pit was at work.

After the great leader's on-the-spot guidance in the Kaechon area, this company resolved to increase their monthly output from 8,000 tons to 11,000 tons and initiated a "socialist patriotism-inspired drive for increased production of coal". The drive soon spread to all other companies. Now they set themselves a higher target of increased production and turn out every month more coal than envisaged in their original plan.

The first company of the youth coal pit carried its annual quotas through already in September and many other companies also fulfilled their yearly assignments far ahead of schedule.

The guide proudly said:

"The enthusiasm of miners is very high. This is the key factor which has contributed to carrying out our third quarterly year plan at 109 per cent in coal production and at 110 per cent in tunnelling. We've now set the goal of surpassing the production level of next year within this year by making an uninterrupted innovation."

We were delighted to see the Ramjon Coal Mine rapidly increasing production and sufficiently supplying coal to thermo-power plants and other industrial establishments in different fields of the national economy. **Kim Su Yon**

Long-Range Underground Belt Conveyer Constructed

The workers of the Komdok Mine and those who came to their aid are now engaged in reconstructing and expanding the mine into a large non-ferrous metal ore production base.

Recently the first-stage project of a transport line—large-scale long-range underground belt conveyer—has been completed.

This belt conveyer runs from the working face to the ore dressing plant.

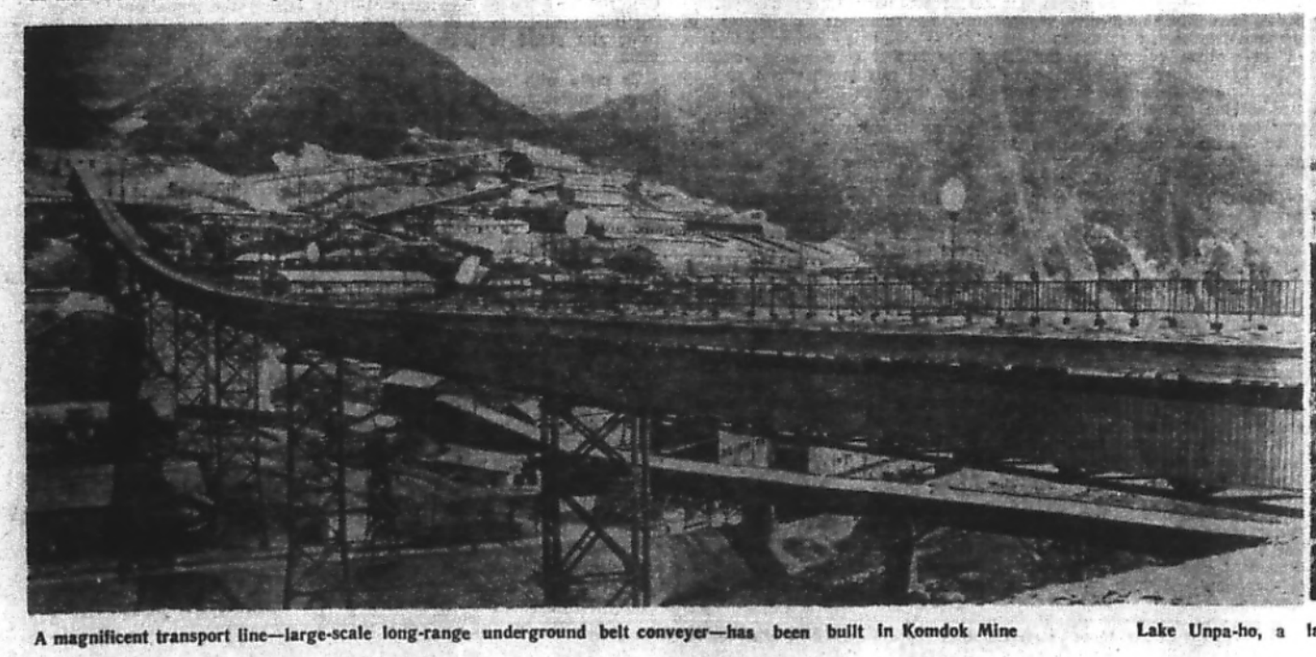
The constructors there, pitching in their work to finish the project as soon as possible, built a six km long pit for the belt conveyer and carried out the huge work for assembling of facilities in a brief span of time.

The automatic transport line whose operation requires only some men has been built entirely with our own strength and technique.

With the completion of the new transport line, the mine's hauling capacity has increased 6-fold, which made another breakthrough towards a rapid stride in production.

At present the constructors are striving to bring the second-stage project of the said belt conveyer to an early conclusion and vigorously pushing forward the reconstruction and expansion project of the ore dressing plant, the construction project of shaft and other undertakings, thereby boosting the mine's production capacity speedily.

Kim Yong U



A magnificent transport line—large-scale long-range underground belt conveyer—has been built in Komdok Mine

Lake Unpa-ho, Korea's Biggest Irrigation Reservoir, Completed

The project of Lake Unpa-ho, the biggest irrigation reservoir of Korea, has been completed on the River Chaeryong-gang.

This large reservoir has been constructed in a brief period of less than three years.

This lake has been built by damming the River Chaeryong-gang. It will help consolidate the success of irrigation already achieved in North and South Hwanghae provinces, the rice-producing centres, and lift grain harvest to a new high, satisfactorily meet the growing demand for industrial water and prevent flood damages in the Chaeryong-gang River basin.

The emergence of another large-scale irrigation setup in our country where all the irrigation works such as the Amnok-gang, Pyongnam, Kiyang, Yontan and Ojidon, form circular systems in accordance with the vast nature-remaking plan of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, will enable our people to consolidate the success of irrigation already completed and make a big stride ahead in transforming the land to suit the demand of socialist and communist construction and building it better into a bountiful land.

With the construction of Lake Unpa-ho, it has become possible to consolidate and develop still further the circular irrigation system covering the Chaeryong, Anak, Sinchon, Unchon, Unryul and Unpa counties, and reap a bigger harvest every year and supply more abundant water to the reclaimed tideland on the West Sea coast.

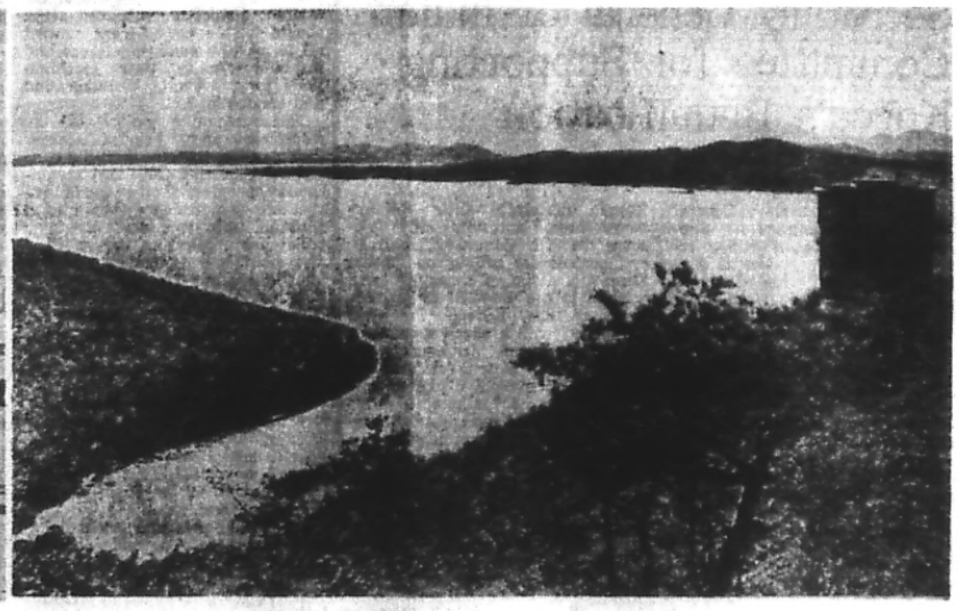
This proud creation under a far-reaching plan is entirely a precious fruit of the wise leadership and profound care of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

By advancing the Juche-based irrigation policy in the early period and guiding the struggle for its implementation along a correct path, the respected and beloved leader has turned our country into a most developed land of irrigation with a comprehensively and diversely built, complete irrigation system and worked out the grand plan of the new gigantic reservoir for irrigation to be constructed on the bank of the River Chaeryong-gang.

He personally chose the site of the dam of the reservoir and defined its scale. During the project, he frequently acquainted himself with the project and taught in detail the new method of building the dam while storing water and the ways for its application. He sent quantities of modern equipment of irrigation construction and materials and showed warm care for the life of the builders.

On November 3, a meeting was held on the spot to convey a congratulatory message and gifts sent by the great leader to all the workers, technicians and office employees who had taken part in the construction of Lake Unpa-ho and inaugurating the reservoir.

Ri Sun



Lake Unpa-ho, a large-scale reservoir completed as another monumental creation under the wise leadership of the great leader

JAPANESE REACTIONARIES' AGGRESSIVE DESIGNS CAN NEVER BE REALIZED

Intensified Aggressive Manoeuvres

Some time ago a large-scale joint military exercise of the Japanese "Self-Defence Force" (SDF) and the south Korean puppet army was conducted in a point south of the East Sea of Korea.

More than 60 warships, hundreds of aircraft and combined ground force units were mobilized in this war game.

The recent exercise shows that the Japanese reactionaries, while extending their tie-up with the south Korean puppets even into the military field, are more actively partaking in the US imperialists' policy of aggression on Korea.

The criminal machination of the Japanese reactionaries has become more intensified since the United States expressed its intention to pull out its troops occupying south Korea. These days their scheme has become more undisguised.

The Japanese reactionaries have been dead set against US troop pullback from the outset. Even today when the partial withdrawal of US troops has become inevitable, they did not change their former attitude. Now, clamouring about "compensatory measure" to be taken in case of "troop pullout", they are egging the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique on to war and split.

In his reply to the interpellation at the Diet in mid-October, Japanese Prime Minister Fukuda blustered that "consideration should be given to the military equilibrium of the north and south of Korea so that it may not be destroyed". Earlier, in the general debate of the 32nd session of the UN General Assembly, Japanese Foreign Minister Hatoyama preached the "entry of the north and south of Korea to the UN". These facts serve as convincing proof of it.

In a word, the maintenance of "military equilibrium of the north and south of Korea" means that US troops should remain in south Korea indefinitely and that in case of US ground force pullout, the war potentiality of the south Korean puppets should be strengthened and other armed force of US troops be reinforced as a "compensatory measure". Their much advertized "entry of the north and south of Korea to the UN" and the "cross recognition" of the north and south of Korea are also a vicious plot to keep the presence of US troops in south Korea and juristically ratify the division of Korea internationally, thus creating "two Koreas".

The Japanese reactionaries, clamouring about the increase of "economic cooperation" these days, promised appropriation of a huge sum of capital needed for the "4th 5-year plan for economic development", the plan the south Korean puppets are pushing forward for the completion of the preparations for war action, and they are sharply increasing their investment.

What merits special attention is their military moves.

Under the pretext of coping with the pullback of the US ground forces, the Japanese reactionaries are reinforcing their aggressive armed forces. On the other hand, they are readily responding to the demand of the US imperialists that Japan increase her share of military burden and do everything in her power to implement the policy of aggression on Korea.

The Japanese reactionary circles put forward the theory of "security of Japan and south Korea corresponding with each other", and they are concentrically deploying their "SDF" armed forces in the western region of Japan close to south Korea and expanding their military bases to give assistance to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in the military field.

To give an instance, the numerical strength of the two divisions of the "ground SDF" deployed in Fukuoka and Kumamoto increased by 2,000-3,000 respectively of late and a runway is under construction in order to station new-type attack plane "F-4 Phantom" in the 8th flying corps of the "air SDF" in Fukuoka.

Brasshats of Japan's "SDF" have the cheek to make such reckless remarks as: "it is possible for the SDF to go out to south Korean airfields and ports in case of emergency". They are planning to discuss with the south Korean puppets about the "exchange of military informations and the share of defence of the Straits of Tsushima".

At present the exchange of military personnel between the south Korean puppets and the Japanese reactionaries has become more active; systems of operation, command, information, communications linking the south Korean puppet army with the Japanese "SDF" have already been established and military training is under way for this purpose.

The unprecedentedly large-scale military exercise of the Japanese "SDF" and the south Korean puppet troops conducted of late is an extension of such moves and a link in the whole chain of the aggressive machinations of the US imperialists aimed at strengthening the tripartite military alliance among the US, Japan and the south Korean puppets and their joint military operational system under the subterfuge of the withdrawal of the US ground forces.

The Japanese reactionaries must look straight at the reality and behave discreetly.

The Korean people are closely watching their moves and will never tolerate their aggressive design.

Li Jip

UNDISGUISED EXPANSIONIST DESIGN

Recently Mihara, Director General of the Japanese Defence Agency, blustered at the Diet that Japan "would exercise her self-defensive rights" when the "facilities in the joint development area" stipulated in the "joint south Korea-Japan continental shelf development agreement" would be subjected to a "military attack".

This is a brigandish outburst of those dreaming of aggression and a high-handed challenge to the Korean people and the world's peace-loving people.

The said agreement is an illegal document of aggression and treachery fabricated between the Japanese reactionaries and traitor Pak Jung Hi the puppet who can represent none of the Korean people.

So, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea already solemnly declared this agreement invalid and the Korean and Japanese peoples and the world public opinion sternly denounced it.

The continental shelf of the South Sea of our country belonged and will forever belong to the national wealth of the Korean people. And it entirely falls within the inviolable jurisdiction of our nation and no one is allowed to encroach upon it and install any facilities there.

This notwithstanding, the Director General of the Japanese Defence Agency was shameless enough to go spouting on the "protection of the joint development area" on the strength of the criminal agreement, as if the continental shelf of our country belonged to them, and he blared that Japan would exercise her "self-defensive rights". It is an outcry of a highway robber. This reveals the sinister intention of the Japanese reactionaries to realize their aggressive designs on Korea by seizing the continental shelf of our country by force of arms and, further, by tightening the military compact with the south Korean puppet clique and carrying into practice their military reinvasion of south Korea through the backing of the puppet reactionary regime with arms.

The Korean people scathingly protest against and denounce the aggressive attempt of the Japanese reactionaries with towering national indignation and seriously warn them not to behave indiscreetly.

Facts show that the Japanese reactionaries, captivated by an expansionist desire, are pursuing a policy of "strength" and getting on their high horse and, especially, they are stubbornly following the hostile policy towards the Korean people.

If the Japanese reactionaries try to realize their old dream of "Greater East Asia Coprosperity Sphere" and follow the footsteps of the militarists of the bygone days it will be as foolish as lifting a rock only to drop it on their own feet.

The Japanese reactionaries must clearly see the changed Asian situation of today and refrain themselves from behaving recklessly.

Hwang Sok

Japan's Opposition Dietmen Demand Disclosure of Shady Adhesion between Japan and South Korea

Recently opposition Dietmen of Japan demanded the disclosure of the shady adhesion between Japan and south Korea surrounding the south Korean puppets' bribe-Japan scandals and the Kim Dae Jung abduction case and denounced the government authorities which try to cover it up, according to reports.

Socialist Member of the House of Councillors Kobayashi told lobby reporters of late that Kim Hyong Uk, former Director of the south Korean puppet Central Intelligence Agency (KCIA), had informed the Japan Socialist Party that Li Byong Hui, puppet minister without portfolio, had frequented Tokyo and used a large amount of money. And he declared that the Japan Socialist Party was intending to let the Diet arrange a hearing of Kim Hyong Uk's testimony during the current session.

At the Budgetary Committee of the House of Representatives Dietman from the Komei Party Tada Shogo recalled that Kim Hyong Uk had again exposed the fact that the south Korean puppets had carried out influence-peddling activities in Japan, too, and he pressed the government with the following question:

"The government had claimed that Kim Hyong Uk's testimony at the Fraser Committee lacked evidence, as it was based on second-hand words. But his latest speech at the US House of Representatives Ethics Committee was related to what he had done while at the post of the KCIA Director. How does the government think of this?"

He urged the government to conduct an investigation on the basis of Kim Hyong Uk's testimony.

Recalling that the words "Kim Dae Jung was kidnapped from Japan by the KCIA" were to be found in "Threat of Korea", a document of the US Defence Department, Communist Dietman Hashimoto and Socialist Dietman Kobayashi demanded that the government express its view on this matter.

The guard section chief of the Japanese National Police Agency who had shown up at the House of Councillors Budgetary Committee under the strong pressure of the opposition members was compelled to say: "Kim Dong Un, former first secretary of the (puppet) embassy, was identified as one of the criminals by a fingerprint discovered on the spot of the incident. If he is now in Japan, there is enough evidence to arrest him."

Oppose US-Japan-South Korea Military Integration

Central Meeting Held in Japan to Launch October 21 Nationwide United Action

The "central meeting opposing the US-Japan-south Korea military integration, strongly denouncing the Japan-south Korea adhesion, demanding the dismantling of bases and the abrogation of the security pact and protection of people's lives and launching the October 21 nationwide united action" was held in the Meiji Park in Tokyo on the evening of October 20 under the joint auspices of 14 political parties and public organizations of Japan including the Japan Socialist Party, the Japan Communist Party, the General Council of Japan Trade Unions (Sohyo), the Japan Neutral Trade Unions, the Japan Peace Committee, the Japan Scientists Association, the All-Japan Federation of Farmers Unions, the People's Union to Protect the Constitution, the Liaison Council of People of All Walks of Life against the Retrogressive Revision of the Constitution and the Central Action Committee for Pushing Through the Demands for the Abrogation of the "Japan-US Security Pact", according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

The meeting was participated in by more than 36,000 people of all walks of life from all parts of Japan.

Makieda Motofumi, Chairman of Sohyo, Takazawa Torao, Vice-Chairman of the Japan Socialist Party, and Kaneko Mitsuhiro, Deputy Director of the Secretariat of the Central Committee of the Japan Communist Party, spoke at the meeting.

They declared unanimously that by giving "aid" to the Hitler-like Pak regime the Japanese government is patronizing the fascist regime and zealously partaking of the US-Japan-south Korea military integration.

Noting that Korea is one and she should be reunified by the Korean nation itself, they stressed that foreign interference in the question of Korean reunification should be decisively stopped.

Pointing out that now is the time for them to roundly expose and clarify the US-Japan-south Korea adhesion to make the Japanese government redress its Korean policy, the speakers emphasized that for the realization of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea all the democratic forces should unite to carry on their struggle.

Then the meeting adopted with complete approval messages of protest to Japanese Prime Minister Fukuda and US President Carter.

The message to the US President said:

We regard all the moves of the US government to unleash a nuclear war in Asia, accelerate the US-Japan-south Korea military integration and create "two Koreas" as a new war provocation in Asia, bitterly denounce them and strongly demand the abrogation of the "Japan-US Security Pact" and the withdrawal of US troops and military bases from Japan, south Korea and all other parts of Asia.

A declaration was also adopted.

Those attending the meeting declared that carrying forward the history and tradition of the October 21 nationwide united action, they would do everything to achieve the unity and solidarity of broader masses under such common goals as the opposition to the US-Japan-south Korea military integration, the abrogation of the "security pact" and the defence of democracy and people's life.

At the end of the meeting the assembled people staged demonstrations.

Similar meetings and demonstrations took place under the co-sponsorship of the Socialist Party, Communist Party and the prefectural councils of trade unions in Akita, Miyagi, Niigata, Gifu, Shiga and Oita prefectures.

Japanese youth and students put up a vigorous anti-US struggle, shouting the slogan "US troops, get out of Japan"

US Troops, Get Out!

Various Organizations of Madagascar Send Letter to UN Secretary General

The Democratic Committee for Supporting the Socialist Revolutionary Charter of Madagascar, the Malagasy Committee for Solidarity and a number of other organizations in Madagascar recently sent a letter in their joint name to the Secretary General of the United Nations.

Demanding the dissolution of the "UN Command" in south Korea and the withdrawal of all foreign troops from there, the letter said:

We require that the Korean Armistice Agreement be replaced with a peace agreement in conformity with the resolution on Korea adopted at the 30th session of the UN General Assembly so that the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea can be achieved free from any foreign interference.

Pakistani Political Party and Public Organizations Issue Joint Statement

The Pakistan Socialist Party, the Pakistan Peace Council and other public organizations of Pakistan made public a joint statement on October 24.

The statement declared:

We strongly demand that the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique stop resorting to their manoeuvres for national division, look straight at the reality, respect the North-South Joint Statement published on July 4, 1972, and thus show good faith to create a favourable atmosphere for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The basic obstacle to the solution of the question of Korea's reunification is the occupation of south Korea by the US imperialist aggressive troops.

We resolutely demand that the US imperialist aggressive troops withdraw from south Korea immediately and unconditionally, taking all their lethal weapons along.

Secretary General of Indian Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification Makes Statement

Hamad Singh, Secretary General of the Indian Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, recently published a statement supporting the appeal adopted at the meeting of international solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle against the "two Koreas" plot and for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, which was held in Pyongyang on September 18.

The statement pointed out:

Our Committee fully supports the appeal which resolutely demands that the US Administration immediately withdraw its troops from south Korea completely, not partially, and simultaneously, not stage by stage, give up its reckless policy of nuclear blackmail, ship nuclear weapons and all other means of war out of south Korea, dismantle their military bases there, unconditionally dissolve the "UN Command", halt an evil scheme for setting up "South Korea-US Joint Command" and respond to the proposal of replacement of the Korean Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement.

Exposing and denouncing the plot of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to create "two Koreas," it noted:

Our Committee expresses full support to the three principles and five-point policy for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea advanced by Marshal Kim Il Sung and the four-point programme for national salvation adopted at a joint meeting of political parties and public organizations of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

SOLIDARITY AND COOPERATION

The "Korea-Soviet Friendship Month" was set on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution and in this period colourful functions are being held in this country.

★ On the evening of November 4 a Pyongyang meeting was held at the People's Palace of Culture to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution.

Similar meetings were held in Chongjin, Haeju Farm Machine Factory, Migok Cooperative Farm and units of the Korean People's Army.

★ The USSR national exhibition was opened in Pyongyang on November 1. Meanwhile on the 4th a photo exhibition took place at the People's Palace of Culture.

★ An opening ceremony of the Soviet film week was held at the Theatre of the Moranbong Art Troupe in Pyongyang on November 3. The week lasted till November 9.

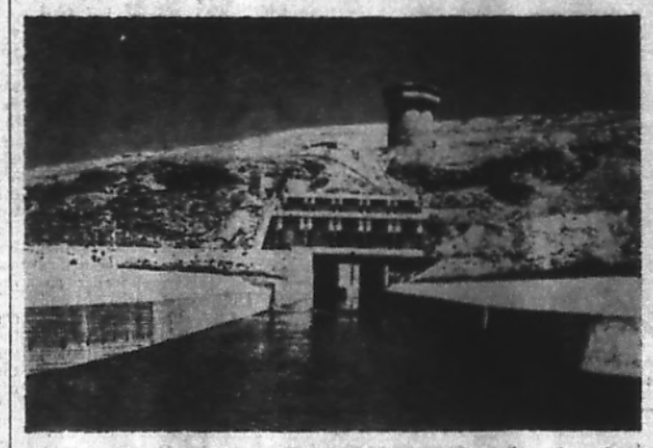
Earlier, on the 2nd a press conference was held at the Soviet Embassy in Pyongyang.

Syrian People Endeavour to Achieve Country's Prosperity

Since the adoption of the rectification measure on November 16, 1970, the Syrian people under the correct leadership of their outstanding leader President Hafez al-Assad have achieved great successes in their endeavours to build a new society, holding high the banner of independence and anti-imperialism.

Progressive steps of the government and creative labour of the people have resulted in the development of the national industry.

In recent years alone, the Homs Oil Refinery destroyed by the Israeli aggressors has been rehabilitated and expanded and a series of other industrial factories—Alepo Tractor Plant, Homs Chemical Fertilizer Factory, Hamah Textil Mill, etc.—have been expanded or newly built.



In Syria wide tracts of new farm land are moistened through active promotion of irrigation projects

The state sector is growing in industry. This sector now accounts for 70 per cent of the basic means of production.

With the successful promotion of the land reform and the movement for going over to a cooperative form of agriculture, the looks of the countryside have changed beyond recognition and agricultural production is growing rapidly.

New changes are also taking place in the domains of education and culture. Especially, progressive measures have been taken for the development of national education. Now 84 per cent of the school-age children attend school.

Under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence, the Syrian people are waging a vigorous struggle to regain the Arab territory occupied by the Israeli aggressors and recover the legal right of the Palestinian people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The Korean people highly appreciate the successes the friendly Syrian people are attaining in their struggle to build a new, prosperous society under the correct leadership of His Excellency President with the uplifted banner of independence and anti-imperialism, and express firm solidarity with them in their just struggle."

The Korean people rejoice over the successes of the Syrian people as their own and extend full support to their struggle against the imperialists and Zionists and for the country's independent development. The Government and people of Syria always give active support and encouragement to the just cause of our people who are fighting against the occupation of south Korea by the US imperialists and their "two Koreas" plot and for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The Korean people sincerely wish the Syrian people fresh success in their endeavours for the country's prosperity and development.

Kim Gyong Hui

Formation of United Front Is an Urgent Demand Raised at Present before Non-Aligned Countries

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"In order to cope with the prevailing situation the non-aligned countries and all the peoples of the world advocating independence should form a united front against all forms of dominating forces and resolutely repulse their machinations for division, disintegration and scrambling".

The outstanding policy of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung that the non-aligned countries and the revolutionary peoples of the world advocating independence should form a united front is a great strategic policy for frustrating the splitting and disintegrating manoeuvres of imperialism and its policy of subjugation, strengthening and developing the non-aligned movement and accelerating the victory of the world people's common cause of sovereignty, independence and socialism.

For the non-aligned countries to form a united front against all forms of dominating forces—this is a fundamental demand of the non-aligned movement itself and a decisive guarantee for realizing its lofty ideal and aim.

The non-aligned movement is a movement advocating independence against all manner of subjugation and oppression and the non-aligned countries are a powerful new-emerging force standing opposed to the forces of imperialism and colonialism.

The formation of a united front by the non-aligned countries has today been raised as a more urgent demand because the machinations of imperialism, colonialism and all other dominating forces for division, disintegration and scrambling against the non-aligned movement and the world revolutionary forces have become more unscrupulous than ever before.

With the expansion of the ranks of the non-aligned countries, the countries of the new-emerging forces which constitute a mighty anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our time, the world revolutionary forces have grown decisively and the struggle of the peoples for independence is rapidly developing on a world-wide scale.

These countries are more vigorously struggling under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence to defend political independence, safeguard natural resources, liquidate the economic footholds of foreign monopolies, build an independent national economy and destroy an old economic order and establish a new one in the international arena. As a result, the lifeline of imperialism and colonialism dependent upon the raw materials of the Asian, African and Latin American areas is being broken more and more.

In an attempt to extricate themselves from the quandary in which they find themselves, the imperialist reactionary forces are putting up the spurious signboard of "peace" with a louder ballyhoo, while further accelerating aggression and war preparations behind it. At the same time, they are stepping up their splitting and disintegrating manoeuvres against the revolutionary forces with greater frenzy, directing their spearhead against the non-aligned countries which have rich human and material resources and constitute a mighty anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our time.

And all forms of dominating forces are vying with each other in drawing the non-aligned countries to their side to put them under their domination and control.

Under such situation the non-aligned countries and the peoples advocating independence should form a broad united front and thwart with their united strength the attempt of the imperialist, colonialist and dominating forces in order to attain the lofty aim of sovereignty, independence and progress.

In an attempt to maintain the old international economic order the imperialists and neo-colonialists are aligning with each other in their attack on the non-aligned countries.

To repulse this allied attack of the imperialists and colonialists, it is imperative for the non-aligned countries and the peoples advocating independence to form a united front and stand in unity against them.

To unite with each other and form a united front is a source of the invincible might of the non-aligned movement and a sure guarantee for the victory of the anti-imperialist common cause.

What is most important at present in achieving a united front of the non-aligned countries is that each country should firmly maintain independence.

Independence is the heart and soul of the country and the nation and the basis of the unity of countries.

Only when independence is maintained is it possible to defend the dignity and honour of the nation, achieve the independence and prosperity of the country and, further, strengthen and develop the unity of countries on a truly voluntary and solid basis and develop genuinely equal and disinterested, friendly and cooperative relations among them.

The non-aligned countries should firmly maintain independence, heighten vigilance against the machinations of foreign dominating forces for division, disintegration and scrambling and should in no way be taken in by them.

Differences of views and disputes among the non-aligned countries are an internal affair of the non-aligned movement on all accounts. Hence, they should be settled by means of negotiation on the principle of organically combining the national interests with the general interests of the non-aligned movement and strengthening unity.

And even if they run up against a temporary difficulty in the building of a new life, the non-aligned countries should never be lured by the "aid" given by the foreign imperialist forces which is something in the nature of causing illness and then administering medicine.

If they are lured by the "aid" of imperialism, they will depend upon it economically and eventually be subjected to its political domination.

The non-aligned countries will form a united front against imperialism, colonialism and domination-ism, smash with their united strength the splitting and alienating manoeuvres and destroy-one-by-one strategy of all forms of dominating forces and accelerate the victory of the common cause of sovereignty, independence and progress.

Son Gyong

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